The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Vol. 13. SATURDAY, April 6, 1799. No.

PITTSBURGH: PRINTED BY JOHN SCULL, IN FRONT STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE CORNER OF MARKET-STREET.

Treasury Department,

MARCH 11, 1799.

Public Notice is hereby given,

Pursuant to the Act of Congress paſſed on the 1st day of June, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "An Act regulating "the grants of land appropriated for military "ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Bre"thren for propagating the goſpel among "the Heathen;" and the Act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited Act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine—to wit,

I.

THAT the tract of Land hereinafter deſcribed, namely, 'beginning at the north weſt cor'ner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and run'ning thence fifty miles due north, along the 'weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence 'due weſt to the main branch of the Scioto 'river; thence up the main branch of the ſaid 'river to the place where the ſaid northern boundary 'line croſſes the ſame—thence along the ſaid 'boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the 'Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above 'Fort Lawrence—thence *down* the ſaid river to 'the point where a line run due weſt from the 'place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; 'then along the line ſo run to the place of be'ginning;' has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned,

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February, in the year one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the twelfth day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode preſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 12th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order in which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall at any time after Monday the 12th day of February 1800, and prior to the firſt day of January 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

Young Sportſman,

WILL cover Mares this ſeaſon at the following ſtands, viz. at the ſtable of Charles Matthews, innkeeper, near Baldwin's mills on Big Courtier creek, the firſt week in April, and the ſecond week at the ſtable of Alexander Sweeny, adjoining lands with James Mitchell, Eſq. the week about till the 1ſt of July, at the low rate of Twenty Shillings and one buſhel of Oats the ſeaſon; Ten Shillings and one buſhel of Oats the ſingle leap, and Forty Shillings and one buſhel of Oats for inſurance. The money for the ſeaſon to be paid the firſt of October next, for inſurance when the Mare is known to be with colt, for the ſingle leap at the covering, when the Oats is to be brought.

Young Sportſman is a beautiful dark cheſnut ſorrel, 4 years old this ſpring, upwards of 15 hands and an half high, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and his hind feet white; he was got by Old Sportſman, imported from England, his dam by the full bred horſe Silver Tail, his grand dam by the full bred horſe Jolly Ranter; his figure and carriage by good judges allowed to be excellent, and is well calculated for either the ſaddle or draft. A further detail of his pedigree is thought unneceſſary, as his appearance will recommend him.

WILLIAM ROSS.

March 27, 1799.

N. B. The Horſe will be moved preciſely at 12 o'clock every Saturday towards the reſpective ſtands.

Drugs and Medicines,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

SOLD by the ſubſcriber at his houſe the corner of Third and Market ſtreets, directly oppoſite to the houſe of Major Denny.

To accommodate both town and country the retail prices, will as is uſual in Apothecary's ſhops, be as low as poſſible.

ELEGANT WINE BITTERS.

HUGH SCOTT.

Pittſburgh, March 30, 1799.

FINDING that all the requeſts I have made to thoſe indebted to me to make payment, have not been regarded, but treated with contempt, and as it is impoſſible for a Printer to live without eating, or print without paper; and as neither food nor paper can be procured without money, I am determined to put all the accounts of thoſe who are indebted to me, into the hands of a Juſtice of the Peace, for recovery, if not paid in three weeks from this date—in the mean time, I give this notice, that thoſe who are diſpoſed to pay without trouble or coſt, may have an opportunity of doing it. The ſum due by each individual is a mere trifle, but when collected in the aggregate becomes of importance. The Printer, therefore, flatters himſelf, that every perſon of reflection will ſee the neceſſity of making payment without further delay.

The Printer mentions with pleaſure and gratitude, that a reſpectable part of his ſubſcribers have been punctual in their payments, and to thoſe he is indebted for being enabled to continue the publication of the Gazette, and aſſures them that his induſtry ſhall not be wanting to render it uſeful.

The PITTSBURGH GAZETTE is now printed on paper ſuperior in ſize to any in the Weſtern Country—it is, therefore proper that the public ſhould be informed of the terms on which it can be obtained.

TERMS.

Two Dollars a year, one half paid at the time of ſubſcribing, the other at the end of ſix months, if required—when ſent by poſt, the poſtage muſt be paid in addition.

Advertiſements, not exceeding a ſquare, inſerted three weeks for One Dollar, and every continuance after, 25 Cents—thoſe exceeding a ſquare in proportion. It is neceſſary that the continuance be noted on the advertiſements when ſent to the preſs.

JOHN SCULL.

Printing Office, Pittſburgh, March 22, 1799.

N. B. Produce, of good quality, will be received in payment.

James Wills,

RETURNS his moſt grateful acknowledgements to the public for their generous ſupport, and hopes, after his removal, which will be on Monday next, the firſt of April, to the houſe lately occupied by Thomas Wilſon, and oppoſite to the Widow Murphy's tavern, by keeping an aſſortment of Boot and Bootee Legs, Wax and Black Grain Cauſkins, Spaniſh and Roxbury Sole and Upper, and a neat aſſortment of Morocco Leather, that the quality of the work, and the lowneſs of the terms, to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may honor him with their work.

Pittſburgh, March 30, 1799.

Laſt Notice.

ALL *perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber by bond, note or book account, to make payment on or before the 30th day of April next, as all accounts, unſettled at that time, will be put into ſuit; he however hopes, that an attention to this notice will in a great degree ſuperſede that neceſſity—approved of country produce will be taken in payment if delivered at the time above mentioned.*

JOHN HERON.

Verſailles Townſhip, Alleghany County, March 30, 1799.

Robert J. Clow,

LATELY from New-York, informs the Public that he intends carrying on the PLAISTERING BUSINESS, in its various branches in Pittſburgh.

March 9, 1799.

N. B. Wanted one or two Apprentices to the above buſineſs, from 14 to 18 years of age.

At a Court of Common Pleas, held at Pittſburgh for the County of Allegheny, the firſt Monday of March, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine, before the Hon. Alexander Addiſon, Eſq. Preſident, and his aſſociates, judges of the ſame Court.

ON the petition of David Jones, a priſoner in the jail of the ſaid County, praying to be diſcharged according to the proviſions of the act of aſſembly made for the relief of inſolvent debtors. The Court order, that the ſaid priſoner be brought before them at Pittſburgh, on the firſt Monday of June next, that his petition and his creditors may be then heard, and direct that notice of his application be publiſhed in Harper's paper of Chambersburgh, and in the Pittſburgh Gazette, three weeks in each, the laſt of which ſhall be at leaſt fifteen days before the time of hearing.

By the Court,
JAMES BRISON, Proth'y.

TO BE RENTED,

And poſſeſſion given the firſt of April next.

A TRACT of Land adjoining the borough of Pittſburgh, on Grant's hill, containing about 30 acres of clear land under fence—there is a cabin and ſtable on the premiſes, and alſo a coal pit. For terms apply to William Irwin, in Pittſburgh, or to the ſubſcriber on Forbes's old road, 11 miles from Pittſburgh.

FRANCIS WILSON.

February 21, 1799.

American Intelligence.

SALEM, March 5.

A SEA-FIGHT,

Gallantly and victoriouſly maintained by the ſhip *Perſeverance*, Captain *Wheatland* of this port, againſt one of the veſſels of war of the "*Terrible Republic.*" The French villains, contrary to the laws of war and of honor, fought under falſe colors, whilſt the EAGLE, true to his charge, ſpread his wings on the AMERICAN FLAG. The following is Captain Wheatland's letter to his owners:

Ship Perſeverance, Old Straits of Bahama, Jan. 1, 1799.

GENTLEMEN,

CONCEIVING we may poſſibly meet an opportunity of forwarding this immediately on our arrival at the Havannah, or perhaps before, induces me to give an account of our voyage thus far.

Until the 26th December met with nothing very material, except heavy diſagreeable weather, off the coaſt; and having the wind ſo far to the Weſtward, as to preclude the poſſibility of making our paſſage round the Bank, were compelled, contrary to our wiſhes to go through the Old Streights of Bahama. On the afternoon of the 27th, were boarded by the Britiſh frigate Romilly, Capt. Rolles, who examined our papers, and treated us with great politeneſs. They purchaſed (at our own price) a number of articles from the cargo, and of the people. Three days before, they had captured a French privateer ſloop, of 10 guns and 60 men, and retook an American brig, her prize. After two hours detention, we were permitted to proceed, which we did, without meeting any interruption till Monday, the 31ſt of December: for particulars of that day, we give an extract from a journal kept on board.

"Dec. 31ſt, Key Roman in ſight, bearing South, diſtance 4 or 5 leagues. A ſchooner has been in chace of us ſince 8 o'clock, and has every appearance of a privateer. At 1 o'clock P. M. finding the ſchooner came up with us very faſt, took in ſteering ſails, fore and aft, and royals; at half paſt 1, about ſhip and ſtood for her; ſhe immediately tacked and made ſail from us; we fired a gun to leeward, and hoiſted the American enſign to our mizen peak; ſhe hoiſted a Spaniſh jack at main top maſt head, and continued to run from us. Finding that ſhe out ſailed us greatly, and wiſhing to get through the narrows of the Old Streights, at 2 o'clock P. M. we again about ſhip, and ſtood on our courſe. The ſchooner immediately wore, fired a gun to leeward, and kept after, under a great preſs of ſail. At half paſt 2, ſhe again fired a gun to leeward, but perceiving ourſelves in the narrows above mentioned, we kept on, to get through them if poſſible, before ſhe came up with us, which we effected. At 3 o'clock, finding ourſelves fairly clear of Sugar Key and Key Labo, as, we took in ſteering ſails, wore ſhip, hauled up our courſes, piped all hands to quarters, and prepared for action. The ſchooner immediately took in ſail, ſtruck the Spaniſh jack, hoiſted an Engliſh union flag, and paſſed under our lee at conſiderable diſtance. We wore ſhip, ſhe did the ſame, and paſſed each other within half muſket. A fellow hailed us in broken Engliſh, and ordered the boat hoiſted out, and the Captain to come on board with his papers, which we refuſed. He again ordered our boat out, and enforced his orders with a menace, that in caſe of refuſal he would *ſink us!!!* uſing at the ſame time the vileſt and moſt infamous language, it is poſſible to conceive of. By this time he had fallen conſiderably aſtern of us; he wore and came up on our ſtarboard quarter, giving us a broad ſide as he paſſed our ſtern, but fired ſo exceſſively wild that he did us very little injury, while our ſtern chacers gave him a noble doſe of round ſhot and langrage. We hauled the ſhip to wind, and as he paſſed us, poured a whole broad ſide into him with great ſucceſs. Sailing faſter than we he ranged conſideral tacked and again paſſed, giving us a and a furious diſcharge of muſquet they kept up inceſſantly till the latter engagement; his muſket-balls reached ry direction, but his large ſhot either or went conſiderably over us; while loaded with round ſhot, and ſquare b. ſix inches long, were plied ſo briſkly, ed with ſo good judgment, that befo got out of our reach, we had cut hi and fore-top ſail all to rags, and c decks ſo effectually, that when he from us there were ſcarcely ten men t He then ſtruck his Engliſh, and hoiſt of the "*Terrible Republic,*" and made c the fail ſhe could carry, much diſapp doubt, as not being able to give us a *Embrace.* The wind being light, an he would out-ſail us, added to a fol compleat our voyage, prevented our him: Indeed, we had ſufficient to g revenge for his temerity—for there w a ſingle fire from our guns but what f tirely over his hull. The action, whic hour and 20 minutes, we conceive end for, excluſive of preſerving the proper ed to our care, we feel a confidence w the world of ſome infamous peſts of ſo were within a muſket ſhot the whole ti engagement, and were ſo fortunate as but very trifling injury, not a perſon met the ſlighteſt harm. Our ſails wer torn, and one of the quarter-deck guns ed. The privateer was a ſchooner o tons, copper bottom, and fought five o on a ſide.

We are now within 48 hours ſail o na, where we expect to arrive in ſafety we have no fear of any privateer's p us, unleſs greatly ſuperior in force. T ter-deck guns will require new carria of them was entirely dismounted.

I remain with eſteem, Gentlemen, y humble ſervant,

RICHARD WHEATL

Captain Wheatland, in a letter from vanna, of the 16th of January, adds—

"The *gentleman* we bruth'd in Streights, 3 days after captured a bi Charleſton, and detained the Captain board, and then gave him the boat, an crew adrift. The Captain has ſince arri and informs us that the privateer was a of 8 ſix pounders and 50 men—that a of her people were dangerouſly wound ſhe had four round ſhot through her b barriron through her counter, and four ter in her hold, when ſhe got away—ſ ſails were cut to pieces, and the boa deck was ſhattered by our diſcharge of iron. The villain fought under Engliſh In fact they capture under Engliſh and flags altogether. It is impoſſible to diſc and every armed veſſel that approaches u whatever colors) if we can manage her, fired into. The maſter of the privateer to the Captain, while he was detained o that his men were armed, 30 of them wit and a ſhort dagger each, and were prepa determined to board the ſhip, but our and boarding nettings deterred him. cals run up along ſide American ſhips, u gliſh colours, and jump on board, and the veſſel before they are ſenſible of it. no idea that we ſhould dare fire to into with the Engliſh union hoiſted."

The gallantry of young Mr. Inger board the Perſeverance, we are well contributed greatly to ſecond the det bravery of Captain Wheatland in defen ſhip. Indeed the whole ſhips company well of their owners and of their count

NEW YORK, March 20.

By the ſhip Manchester, arrived on Wedne 72 days from London, we have received lowing:

LONDON, December 26.

CAPTURE OF ROME BY GEN. MA

All the papers of yeſterday lamented Paris Gazettes had been received of a l than the 18th inſtant. One French pape ver, we can ſtate, was received of the 1 It was ſent over, we ſuppoſe, expreſsly, it contains a very exaggerated accoun defeat of the Neapolitan army of Forts and men, by Gen. Macdonald, with F and French! The action took place at C tadella, and, conſequently, after the Ne were in poſſeſſion of Rome.

It is affirmed in the ſame paper, that pire has acceded to the ultimatum of th Directory; and that Peace was accordin cluded at Raſtadt on the 18th inſt.—Th ligence is ſaid to have reached Paris by the Telegraphe; and, of courſe muſt h forwarded by expreſs to Calais.—Th with the Empire, however, can have l effect on the conduct of the leading and as little influence on the operation war. It has probably been concluded French, independently of their grand ſowing diſſenſions between the Prince Empire and their Chief, and of viola Germanic Conſtitution, for the purpoſ bling them to contract their line of att to direct their principal force againſt It thing is certain, that they will only c until it ſhall be their intereſt to break i

The Emperor muſt certainly afford to the King of Naples, who has eviden in concert with him; ſo that a war France, on the one ſide, and Auſtria, R Naples (to ſay nothing of Pruſſia) on, ſeems inevitable.

Our readers will a be aware, that our ſtate of
lities was committed to the preſs before we re-
ved the different articles of intelligence con-
ned in this part of our paper.

PARIS.

the ſitting of the 5th, the Executive Directory
ve the following meſſage to the Council of
Elders:

"Citizen Repreſentatives,

"The Court of Naples has crowned its perfi-
s: Your fee by the letters of Generals Jou-
t and Championet, and by the copy of a letter
m the Neapolitan General Mack to General
mpionet, that the French troops in the Ro-
n Republic have been attacked by the Neapo-
n troops.—Thus the moderation of the French
public only ſerves to increaſe the audacity of
enemies. The details which will be ſent you
convince you that both one and the other
e been carried to their height.

"Now the firſt care of the government will be
ake meaſures to repel the attack of the per-
d Court.

"The Executive Directory likewiſe declare to
i, that the Court of Turin, equally perfidious,
es a common cauſe with our enemies, and
s crowns a long train of crimes againſt the
nch Republic.

"Citizen Repreſentatives, the Executive Di-
ory does not diſſemble, that the danger is im-
ent; but Republican energy is full great when
l differences of opinion now diſappear, and all
ne unite, and the legiſlative body will ſecond
all means in its power, the efforts of the go-
rnment, the projects of the enemies of the Re-
blic will be again confounded, and the triumph
berty will be forever ſecured.

"The Executive Directory propoſes to you
pally to declare war againſt the king of Naples
the king of Sardinia."

y of the reply of General Mack to General
Championet, dated November 25, 1798.

"Citizen General,

"I declare to you, that the army of his Sici-
majeſty, which I have the honor to command
r his majeſty in perſon, yeſterday paſſed the
iers to take poſſeſſion of the Roman territory,
lution zed and uſurped ever ſince the peace
impo Formio, and never recognized and ac-
wledged by his Sicilian majeſty, nor by his
the emperor and king.

"I require that you ſhould, without the
leſt delay, cauſe all the French troops ſtati-
d in the ſaid Roman territory to retire and to
uate the places occupied by them.

"The generals commanding the different co-
s of the troops of his Sicilian majeſty have
moſt poſitive orders not to recommence hoſti-
s if the French troops ſhall refuſe on being
moned ſo to do, but to employ force againſt
oppoſition.

"I declare to you beſides, citizen general, that
ll conſider it as an act of hoſtility if ever the
ch troops ſet foot on the territory of the
d Duke of Tuſcany.

"Expecting your anſwer, ſir, without the
leſt delay, I expect you will have the good-
to ſend back major Reiffach, whom I have
honor to diſpatch to you, in four hours at
ſt after the receipt of my letter.

"The reply ought to be poſitive and catego-
both to the demands as to the evacuation of
Roman ſtate, and to that which requires the
ch troops never again to ſet foot on the Tuſ-
territory.

"An anſwer in the negative will be conſider-
a declaration of war, and his Sicilian ma-
will enforce by arms, the juſt demands which
w make to you in his name."

fter theſe pieces had been read the Council of
Hundred adopted a reſolution that war ſhould
clared againſt the King of Naples and Sar-
.

is reſolution was immediately ſent to the
l of Elders, which approved it and paſſed
law.

oth deliberations were adopted in a ſecret
on, agreeable to the 334th article of the
ſtitution.

CHARLESTON, February 27.

e have gathered no further information on
ubject of the papers detected in the Ham-
n veſſel, which can be relied on: a trunk
eſterday found on board of her, the contents
ich it is ſaid are of conſiderable importance.

NORFOLK, March 9.

ſt of a letter from an Officer on board the
ited States frigate, under the command of
mmodore Barry, to a Merchant in this town
ed

At ſea, on our paſſage from Barbadoes to,
Martinique with a convoy,
March 13, 1799.

wrote to you from the paſt from Demerara,
which nothing material has occurred except
apture of a French privateer from Guadalope
e u ze; the particulars are as follow:

"On Sunday the 3 inſt. to windward of Mar-
ique, at 8 A. M. gave chace to a ſchr. and at
M. came within two gun ſhots of her, when
e aſtoniſhment of all hands ſhe attempted
ort ſtitches to get to windward of us directly
r our battery, but in this ſhe failed, for we
brought her too, our third ſhot having gone
ſtraight through her, and in a few minutes ſhe
s with water, upon which they hauled down
ſails and ſet up the moſt lamentable howl I
heard; and although it is ſaid they have abo-
liſh all religion they have not forgot the old
of imploring the protection of the omnipotent
geſtic expreſſions and proſtrations.
ſ boats were immediately ſent to their relief
—I was in the firſt, but when I came near and
found the crew all ſtript and ready for a ſwim, I
thought it not ſafe to go on board, but told them
the only chance for their ſafety, was to run along
ſide the ſhip which they did; and in a few minutes
after the ſchr. went down. The whole of this
piratical crew were ſaved amounting to 60 men.

"This famous ſchr. proves to be the L'Amour
de la Patrie and has run for four years with great
ſucceſs, in capturing numbers of our veſſels—
ſhe was commanded by the infamous William
who was ſome years ago in your town—During
his laſt cruiſe he captured the ſchr. Margretta,
belonging to Norfolk.

"Our ſhip outſails every veſſel we meet.——
In 6 hours we run the Conſtitution hull under."

BALTIMORE, March 15.

A letter from on board the Baltimore ſloop of
war, dated the 3d inſtant, mentions, that the ſhip
had been reſtored to order, and was weighing an-
chor to proceed on a cruiſe, of perhaps 3 or 4 months
under the command of the 1st Lieutenant, Captain
Speck.

Monſ. Bunnel, we underſtand by a letter from
himſelf has taken his paſſage, in company with D.
Stevens, ſpecial agent of the United States, and
Mr. Meyer, former conſul of this place, in order
to return to the Cape. We further learn, that as
ſoon as gen. Touſſaint prohibits the privateers of
the iſland from committing further depredations
on our commerce, the veſſels of the United States
will be again permitted to carry on trade with St.
Domingo.

WINCHESTER, March 6.

The account of James Monroe having choſen a
Senator in the Congreſs of the United States in
the room of Henry Tazewell deceaſe is owed from
the Times, a paper publiſhed in Alexandria.—It
proves not to be the caſe.—The votes nominated in
the council, were, Wilſon C. Nicholas, and
J. Breckenridge, Eſqrs. The council conſiſts of
eight members, exclusive of the Governor, who
preſides—each of the perſons nominated had four
votes, and the Governor claiming his right to vote,
withheld it—conſequently the conteſt remains
undecided.

TRENTON, March 19.

We hear that 2000 militia have received or-
ders to hold themſelves in readineſs to
againſt the inſurgents of Pennſylvania —
theſe daring and wicked violators of
try's laws not ſpeedily abandoned their
and unjuſtifiable proceedings, agreeable
Preſident's friendly admonition, it is to
that the principal inſtigators will ſhortly
with a juſt reward for their villainy.

NEW YORK, March 18.

There is no man in America ſo well acquainted
with the French character as the Preſident; he
has had greater opportunities of knowing it, he
has more than once been aſſiſted by the whole
train of reſources of their diplomatic ſkill, and
the fiſheries, the weſtern land, and even the
independence of our country, witneſs his impe-
netrable firmneſs. When our treaty of peace
with England was on the tapis, and —— had
conſented to yield the moſt important points to
the crafty Vergennes, Mr. Adams role and put
an end to their intrigues at once, by friendly de-
claring that unleſs theſe were preliminary and ab-
ſolutely conceded, he would break up the nego-
ciation at once. But this is but one of number-
leſs acts of his life, which ſhew that he poſſeſſes a
mind uncommonly penetrating, upright and de-
ciſive, fully equal to every trying occaſion.—
Under the ſafeguard of ſuch talents and integrity
then may we well repoſe our fulleſt confidence.
Time will certainly illuſtrate the propriety of this
opinion. Bolton paper.

Yeſterday two companies of federal troops
marched from our fortifications, for the purpoſe
of being in readineſs to aid in quelling the inſur-
rection in the counties of Northampton, Montgo-
mery and Bucks, in the ſtate of Pennſylvania.
We are informed there are now under marching
orders 450 federal troops, who are to rendezvous
at Bethel, to co-operate with the militia of Penn-
ſylvania, all to be commanded by Brigadier Ge-
neral Macpherſon.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

March 20, 1799.

SIR,

TO ſuppreſs the inſurrection now exiſting in
the counties of Northampton, Bucks and Mont-
gomery in the ſtate of Pennſylvania, in oppoſition
to the laws of the United States, the Preſident
has thought it neceſſary to employ a military
force, to be compoſed in part of both of the mili-
tia of Pennſylvania, whoſe ſituation and ſtate of
preparation will enable them to march with
prompt itude. The corps of militia firſt called on
this occaſion are the troops of cavalry belonging
to this city, and one troop from each of the coun-
ties of Philadelphia, Bucks, Cheſter, Montgomery
and Lancaſter: Theſe troops I have the honor to
requeſt your excellency will order to hold them-
ſelves in readineſs to march on or before the 28th
inſtant, under the command of Brigadier General
Macpherſon.

I have the honor to be,
With the greateſt reſpect,
Your Excellency's moſt obedient
and humble ſervant,

JAMES M'HENRY.

His Excellency Governor
THOMAS MIFFLIN.

SIR,

THE Secretary of War has this moment com-
municated to me, the Preſident's intention to
employ a military force, in ſuppreſſing the inſur-
rection now exiſting in the counties of North-
ampton, Bucks and Montgomery, with a requeſt
that the troops of cavalry ſhall repair to this city,
and the ſeveral corps of the counties of Philadel-
phia, Bucks, Cheſter, Montgomery and Lancaſ-
ter, may be ordered to hold themſelves in readi-
neſs to march on, or before, the 28th inſt. under
the command of Brigadier General Macpherſon.

You will, therefore, immediately inſtruct Gene-
ral ſtaff officers complying with the Preſident's re-
queſt, and communicate, by expreſs, with the
commanding officers of the ſeveral corps. As
ſoon as the troops are ready to march, you will
make your report to me; ſending the returns of
the officers, from time to time, as you receive
them.

I am, Sir,
Your moſt obedient ſervant,
THO. MIFFLIN.

Philadelphia, 20th March, 1799,
3 o'clock, P. M.

To PETER RAYNTON, Eſq. Adjt. Gen.
of the Militia of Pennſylvania.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Philadelphia, March 20, 1799.

THE following Corps of CAVALRY are to hold
themſelves in readineſs to March on or before
the 28th inſtant:

Captain Dunlop's,
Captain Singer's, } of the City of Philadel-
Captain Morrell's, } phia.
Captain Leiper's,

Captain Leiper's, of the County of Philadel-
phia.

Captain Sim's, of the County of Bucks.

Captain Taylor's, of the County of Cheſter.

Captain Montgomery's, of the County of Lan-
caſter.

Captain Kennedy's, of the County of Mont-
gomery.

The Officers commanding the above troops of
Cavalry will make report to the Adjutant Gene-
ral when their reſpective Corps are in readi-
neſs to march.

PETER RAYNTON,
Adjutant General of the Militia of
Pennſylvania.

Yeſterday Henry Hartman, Adam Stephan,
[illegible] Keller, of Millerstown, North-
[illegible] County, arrived in town and delivered
themſelves up to the marſhal, who conducted
them to Judge Peters, before whom they enter-
ed into recognizances for their appearance at the
next Circuit Court of the United States. Theſe
men were among the moſt violent oppoſers of the
laws in Northampton county; and we are inform-
ed that both of the rioters are on their way to
this city for the purpoſe of making the like ſub-
miſſion.

Meſſrs. Hartzell, Horn and Kern, republican
members of the Legiſlature of this State, arrived in
town yeſterday from Northampton. Theſe gen-
tlemen (ſays the Daily Advertiſer) confirm the
account in our paper of yeſterday. The prepara-
tions for enforcing obedience to the conſtituted au-
thorities are ſuppoſed to have brought theſe deluded
people to a ſenſe of their dangerous ſituation.

Our readers will perceive that the above para-
graphs are founded upon information from the
"REPUBLICAN Repreſentatives" lately returned
from Northampton.—Here we find that the in-
tended ſubmiſſion of the inſurgents is not to be at-
tributed to penitence or a ſenſe of their lawleſs
conduct, but to the cautious repreſentations of the
REPUBLICAN characters who have interfered with
them—not to an idea that they were as yet inca-
pable of making any effectual reſiſtance! It is
very plain to us that the riſked of ſubmiſſion is
viewed as a pretext, by thoſe who are beſt in-
formed on the ſubject; and that the orders of the
Adjutant General, which we publiſh this day, are
grounded upon facts and information from the diſ-
affected quarter, not very favourable to reconcili-
ation or obedience.

It is indeed very natural, that thoſe who
have ſcattered the baleful ſeeds of diſorganization,
among theſe people, ſhould be at liberty to reap
their effects at the moſt proper ſeaſon. If we are
to believe the Aurora and the Daily Advertiſer,
that their franchiſe is to be attributed ſolely to
the perſuaſions of two or three "REPUBLICAN re-
preſentatives," who have themſelves witneſſed the
preparations for enforcing obedience to the laws,
and who could eſtimate the probable event of a
military expedition, it gives to the oppoſition a
more gloomy and dangerous aſpect, than it has hi-
therto worn. It indicates its ſpreading with rapi-
dity, whenever a more favourable opportunity
ſhall offer, or when circumſtances may occur that
will afford a better proſpect of ſecurity. We are
encouraged in the hope, that a military force will
be ſent out (at leaſt for the purpoſe of ſecuring the
ringleaders) by the obvious neceſſity to every one
who values the peace and proſperity of the ſtate.
If we permit our laws to be inſulted with impuni-
ty, deſtructive anarchy with all its complicated
evils, may be looked upon as at no very great diſ-
tance.

Letters from Northampton, ſtate, that Hart-
zell, one of the perſons above mentioned, having
called a meeting of the rebels at Quaker-Town,
on which occaſion he exhorted them to ſubmit
to the laws, ſo far from having any influence over
them, was violently inſulted.

From the New York Mercantile Advertiſer.

As Americans, it is with pleaſure we record the
following Heroic action, of Captain Stanwood,
maſter of the Snow Chatham, belonging to
this port.

Remarks from the log book of the Snow Chatham
Captain Samuel Stanwood, from Jamaica, ar-
rived yeſterday.

February 26, at eight o'clock, Cape Antonio
bore W. N. W. diſtant nine or ten miles. Aſtern
in ſight right a-head, ſtanding the ſame way; at
nine two ſail hove in ſight, ſtanding in for the
Cape. The brig a-head ſhortened ſail and lowed
too for us. We ſhortened ſail and ſpoke her—
She proved to be the brig Lucretia of Boſton,
Robert Welch commander; from Kingſton, bound
to Norfolk. The other two proved to be ſchoo-
ners, and by their manœuvres we ſuppoſed them
to be two privateers. We adviſed with Captain
Welch what was beſt to be done. He offered
all the aſſiſtance that he could give, which was
to let men come on board of us, as he had no
arms to defend himſelf—we hoiſted out our yawl,
and fetched the men on board, hoiſted in the
yawl again, and bore away, and got all ready to
engage. Soon after we ſaw the largeſt of the
Schooners lying by for us, and the other run on
ſhore, which appeared to be an American built
veſſel, ſuppoſed a prize to the privateer.

The privateer, before we came within reach
of a ſix pound ſhot, hoiſted French colours, and
fired a heavy ſhot over our main head—we ſtood
up abreaſt of him, and engaged him for an hour
and an half with a continued fire from both veſſels
and then he cheered off.

All the time of the engagement ſhe kept ſo far
on the reef, that it was impoſſible for us to get
within him and the ſhore, there being not water
enough for our draw, by which means ſhe always
kept the weather gage. She then hoiſted the
bloody flag at her fore-top-maſt head, wore round
in order to cut off the Lucretia, and ſoon after her—we then lay with our top gallant ſails
on the cap.

Captain Stanwood kept hailing and waving to
Captain Welch to keep off from the ſhore, in or-
der to give us a chance to fire upon the privateer,
but all to no purpoſe. The brig being a very dull
ſailer, and the privateer kept a continual fire upon
her that ſhe was obliged to heave too. They
then fired a volley of ſmall arms at her, and ſhot
her boat on board, and then gave chaſe to us
with the bloody flag ſtill in view, as a ſignal for no
quarter. We then ſaw that it was impoſſible to
refcue the brig. The Captain then adviſed with his
officers what was beſt to be done, which was agreed
to make a running fight. As the privateer intend-
ed to board us, we made all fail and got ready
to engage with our fire arms. The privateer
came up with us very faſt with her deck full of
men; and at half paſt 12 o'clock the renewed the
action with her bow chace, which was a heavy one.
We returned the compliment with our fire arms,
which we found to do ſome execution, as
there was a great confuſion on board the privateer,
and a man looked up to her fore top yard arm in
the neck, who we ſuppoſe fell a victim to our fire,
as a ſignal for recallation.

Their intention all the time ſeemed to be
boarding us; but by the help of Providence, we kept
them off for three glaſſes. It then ſeemed as
they were tired of their bargain; they took
their heavy ſails and hauled by the wind. We
ſaw that the was of ſuperior force, and our ammu-
nition being ſo far expended, that it was not
deemed prudent to give battle, ſo continued our courſe
for New-York.

Wednesday, the 27th of February, at 2 P. M.
Cape Antonio bore S. by E. diſtant 6 or 7 leagues.
The high land of Bonavilla bore E. by S. diſtant
10 leagues, a ſteady breeze all night, all ſail ſet
by the wind.—At 6 A. M. the Coſcomb bore
S. E. diſtant 10 leagues, a ſail in ſight upon
lee bow, ſtanding the ſame way we bore up, and ſpoke
her. She proved to be the brig Polly of Provi-
dence, from Kingſton, bound to Providence, Ezra
Weſt Commander; he had been detained 3 days
by the ſame privateer, and plundered of almoſt
his proviſions, and every other article they could
lay their hands upon; treated the Captain ſad-
ly, and beat the crew very much and let them go,
the having no cargo on board. We ſupplied him
with a barrel of bread, a tierce of beef, ſome
nails, &c.

They informed us that the privateer had four
6 pounders, and one 24 pounder fixed upon a ſwi-
vel in her bow-way, and 75 men on board. We
made all ſail upon a wind, at noon tacked to the
ſouthward, the highland of the bay of Fundy bear-
ing S. S. E. about 12 or 14 leagues.

Pittsburgh, April 6.

From the Herald of Liberty of April 4.

"We hear from the beſt authority, that the
Preſident of the United States, has, through the
interpoſition of ANDREW ELLICOTT Eſq. Com-
miſſioner for aſcertaining the boundary line be-
tween the Spaniſh Territory and the U. S. granted
a free pardon to DAVID BRADFORD Eſq. who
left this country for Orleans during the late
inſurrection.

A paragraph in the Bee Herald of Thurſ-
days, "In the *engagement* between the Conſtella-
tion and the Inſurgente—it is ſaid the Frenchmen
were on the throuds and ripping looking at
the beauty of the Conſtellation—when Captain
Truxton ordered a broad ſide to be poured into
the Inſurgente". From whom did Mr. Bache get
this intelligence? Surely not from Capt. Trux-
ton's letter, which is the only information we
ought to depend upon—No, Captain Truxton
does not ſay a word like it—He ſays, he
hoiſted American colours, and I made out pri-
vate ſignals for the day, as well as that of the
Britiſh, but finding the anſwered neither I im-
mediately ſuſpected her to be an enemy, and
a ſhort time after found, that my ſuſpicions
were well founded, for ſhe hoiſted the French

national colours, and fired a gun to windward which is a signal of an enemy."—It is unfortunate that Mr. Hull will not, when he has it in his power, give correct information to his fellow-citizens.

FROM A CORRESPONDENT.

Mr. Ifrael in his late Herald, informs the public that Oswald Bedford has received a parcel from the President of the United States.—Should this be the case, and Bedford return to this country—there is no doubt but that he will be a good and peaceable citizen—this trip to the Southern territory will put all plans of insurrection out of his head—it will teach him to beware of the artifices of designing, designing men. It is generally believed that Bedford was a principle in Judge Mitchell, in the insurrection of 1794; but Marshal Neill's big mace quickly aid Bedford, slipt his own head out of the noose, and left poor Davy so much entangled, that he was obliged to cut and run.

Extraordinary instances of Gluttony.

THE Emperor Clodius Albinus, would devour three apples at once than a bushel would hold: He would eat 500 figs to his breakfast, 100 peaches 10 melons, 20 pounds weight of grapes, 100 nectarines, and 400 oysters. Five men him (said Lipsius) God keep such a such a curse from the earth.

One Phagon, under the reign of the Emperor Antonius, at one meal ate a whole bear, 100 pounds of bread, a sheep, a pig, and drank about three gallons of wine.

We are told by Fuller, that one Nicholas Wood of Harlston, in Kent, eat a whole sheep at one meal, now: At another time 30 dozen of pigeons. At Sir William Sidley's, in the same county, he ate as much victuals as would have satisfied 30 men. At Lord Wotton's mansion house in Kent, he devoured at one dinner 84 rabbits; which by computation, at half a rabbit a man, would have served 168 men. He ate to his breakfast, 18 yards of black pudding. He devoured a whole dog at one sitting; and after it, being accommodated with bait, he ate 3 pecks damsons.

William Irwin,

ACQUAINTS his friends and the public that he has removed to his house in Market Street, at the corner of the Diamond, where he intends keeping accommodations for those who may call on him, and flatters himself he will give satisfaction in that line—he is, however, not so hard run as to be obliged to send a courier thro' the streets to pick up customers. Horses kept at livery by the week or month.

N. B. He has for Sale an assortment of LEATHER and SHOES—and will give employment and generous wages to a person who understands the Tanning and Currying business.

Pittsburgh, April 4, 1799.

Wanted, in a Store,

A LAD of about 14 or 15 years of age, of reputable connections—one from the country would be preferred. Enquire of the Printer.

Pittsburgh, April 4, 1799.

THE Subscriber has laid out a number of LOTS, south of the town of Wheeling, bounding on the Ohio river and Wheeling creek. The Lots will be numbered and the purchasers draw for choice in a lottery the third Monday in May next, when those who wish to become purchasers will please to attend at the above mentioned place—One fourth of the purchase money will be required within thirty days from the sale of the Lots, the balance to be secured to be paid within two years.—A discount of eight per cent will be made for prompt payment, and a title immediately given in fee simple.

L. ZANE.

Wheeling, April 5, 1799. 6w.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

THE Subscriber living on the Monongahela river about three miles from Pittsburgh, finds to his great loss and vexation for some time past, that there are some atrocious people coming about his plantation pilfering every portable thing thereon, to wit:—Hogs and all kinds of Poultry, together with utensils in husbandry, and even digging and carrying away his Orchard of fruit trees.—The above reward will be given to any person who will give information of any people guilty of such shameful nefarious practices, so that they may be brought to the punishment which the law denounces on such offenders against the peace and quiet of society.

He also takes this opportunity of requesting all those indebted to him, to pay their respective debts immediately, or he will, without reserve, fall into the fashionable mode of the country, and begin to hunt with Constables, Esquires, Sheriffs &c.

JOHN GARDEN.

April 6, 1799.

N. B One or two Men Servants, who is capable and willing to do their duty on a Farm, will meet with suitable encouragement.

J. G.

FOR SALE.

THAT *valuable property in Water Street in the Town of Pittsburgh, which has been for many years occupied as a Public Tavern, and established by the Sign of the Fountain (or Green Tree.) The eligibility of the situation, the commodiousness of the House, Stable, and other necessary outbuildings renders it unnecessary to say any thing more, as the person who may wish to purchase can view the premises. A small part of the purchase money will be expected, and an extensive credit given, if required, for the balance.*

Likewise a Seven Acre Out Lot, contiguous to the Town, under cultivation, with a post and rail fence. For terms apply to the subscriber, who will give an indisputable title.

JOSIAH TANNEHILL.

Pittsburgh, June 23, 1798. tf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber once more takes the liberty of requesting all those indebted to him, to pay off their respective accounts, as no further indulgence can or will be given

JOHN JOHNSTON.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1799.

FOR SALE.

The following Tracts of

DONATION LANDS,

In the First District—No. 6, 10, 21, 24, 52, 63, 82, 85, 136, 150, 171, 180.

Second District—No. 33, 171, 343, 367, 380, 427, 1870, 1805, 1042.

Third District—No. 24, 57, 60, 480, 527, 528 529

Fourth District—No. 68, 73, 75, 652, 661, 765, 796, 828, 854, 861

Fifth District—No. 89, 96, 871, 889, 909, 982, 1013, 1085.

Sixth District—No. 1224, 1296, 1302.

Seventh District—No. 135, 1368, 1369, 1379, 1471

Eighth District—No. 159, 1525, 1529, 1537, 1554, 1598, 1623, 1633, 1640, 1651, 1659, 1670, 1675, 1719.

Tenth District—No. 1970, 2020, 2073, 2130.

The following *DEPRECIATION LANDS*.

In the Second District—No. 107.

Third District—No. 91, 94

Fourth District—No. 65, 66, 68, 79, 93, 94, 148, 173, 174, 175, 179, 187, 188

Fifth District—No. 108, 287, 288.

The above Tracts of Land are to be sold on the following terms, viz. One fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, one fourth in two years, one fourth in three years, and one fourth in four years. Any person inclining to purchase any of the above Tracts of Land, will apply to the subscriber on the south side of the Allegany river, who is authorized to sell them.

JAMES [illegible].

March 29, 1799.

List of Letters remaining in the Post Office, Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1799.

A.

DOCTOR Samuel Adams, John Alexander, care of Wm. Gormly, 2; Wm. Allison, Pittsburgh; John Anderson, Pittsburgh: Revd. John Anderson, Daniel Applegate, near Devore's ferry; Elizabeth Arthur, Pittsburgh.

B.

Jonathan Baldwin, John Bufford, Wm. Beals, French creek; John Beals, French creek; Joshua Budd, Yough; James Boyd, Beaver; Wm. Bennet, Nicholas Button, Wm. Boreen, Shoberry Rock; John Boyce, 2; John Bell, Chartiers; John Barkley, Pittsburgh; Edom Bronson, Wm. Brown, Abraham Bruin, Pittsburgh; B Bellner, John Bierum, 3; Robert Bracken, care of Wm. Steel; Joseph Bredon, Yough; John Burton, care of Andrew M'Farlane.

C.

Robert Caldwell Pittsburgh; Andrew Cooper, care of Matthew Thompson; John Culbertson, 2; Messrs. Olive and Carpenter, Nathaniel Carnes, Yough; Matthew Crawford, care of Mark Denny; Messrs. Crawford Woodsides, Andrew Cooper, James Corley, Samuel Coats, David Carnahan, Sawmill run; Hugh Cunningham, Beaver; Wm. Commins, Beaver; Samuel Coughran, St. Clair township.

D.

James Dunn, Meadville; Mary Davis, Pittsburgh, 3; Richard Davis care of Wm. Turner, Pittsburgh, 2; John Dickson, Pittsburgh; Mr. Dickens, Pittsburgh; Andrew Dowlin, Pittsburgh; Joseph Donner, Pittsburgh; Alexander Dewar, Montours run; Rowe Dunlop care of Capt. M'Mullen; Daniel Dean, Jeffery Dennis.

E.

Wm. Earl, Pittsburgh; [illegible], Meadville.

F.

James Fleming, [illegible], Shenandoah; Allin Funk, Wm. [illegible], Beaver; Leonard Fryan, Wm. [illegible], Pittsburgh.

G.

Samuel Gordon, Pittsburgh; George Gordon, 2; James Graham, Thomas Gordon, care of Philo Mowry, Pittsburgh; John Gilmore, Pittsburgh; Samuel Gilson, Connecticut Reserve, 2; Samuel Gray, care of Thomas Reed; Peter Grauss, Erie; James Glover, Franklin.

H.

Matthew Harbilson, Beaver, 3; Archibald Hamilton, Henry Haffe, Sawmill run; John Hall, Pittsburgh; Peleg Hyde, David Hays, care of Wm. Morrow; Wm. Hays, Wm. Harrison, care of Ephraim Jones; Phineas Hull, Beaver; Revd. Matthew Henderson, Yough; Dennis Hurgin, Pittsburgh; James Hill, Pittsburgh; Wm. Hardcastle, Stephen Henderson, Pittsburgh.

I.

John Johnston, care of Robert Hall, Plumb creek; Wm. Johnston, Turtle creek; John Johnston, Esq. Azel Johnson, David Johnson, Pittsburgh.

K.

James Kerps, Nathaniel Kerkendall, near Elizabeth town; Joseph Kirgan, care of Ephraim Jones; James Kennedy, Racoon.

L.

John Lus, Pittsburgh, 2; James Lion, Pittsburgh; Mr. Leming, Elizabeth Town; Robert Little, John Lucas, Wm. Langan, care of James Patterson; James Lowry, Erie; James Laird.

M.

George Millar, care of Thomas Ross; Joseph Millar, Pittsburgh; Samuel Moor, care of Wm. Lilly; John Moore, care of Wm. Steel; Charles Morgan, John or Andrew Milliken, David M'Cormick, care of Wm. Woods; Thomas M'Farland, care of John M'Dowel; Neal M'Coy, Thomas M'Coy, Pittsburgh; Alexander M'Gardy, care of Samuel Moore; John Munsey, care of John Reed; Jane M'Auley, care of Henry T. Creaton, 2; John M'Farland, Big Beaver, 2; James Magee, care of Wm. Boyle; James M'Dowel, Big Beaver; Alexander M'Lelland, Noblestown; John M'Kee, Thomas M'Kee, Esq. Isabella Moore, Yough; Faundy Muse, Yough; Wm. M'Clure, Yough; Henry M'David, care of John Daley; Andrew M'Farland, Wm. Mann, Waterford; Hugh Marsh, Franklin; Wm. Milds, care of Wm. Moore, Meadville; Capt. Daniel Mack, Pittsburgh, 4; John M'Grew, Pittsburgh; John M'Clintick, Pittsburgh; James M'Ginnis, Pittsburgh; Rebecca M'Pherron, Pittsburgh.

N.

Wm. Nailor, Esq. Jacob Negley.

O.

Patrick O'Neil, care of John Reed, 2; Nancy Ogden, Pittsburgh.

P.

Wm. Philips, care of Widow Craig, John Porter, Pittsburgh; Ezra Parker, Pittsburgh; Captain James Patterson & Co. 4; James Patchel, Wm. Pollock, care of James Gowdy, Pittsburgh; Silas Potts, jun. Pittsburgh; Caleb Plumer, Benjamin Poore, James Perry, Pittsburgh; John and Valatie Perry, Turtle creek, 2; Gabriel Peterson, Elizabeth Town; Mr. Pompey 2; John Power, Esq. Meadville.

Q.

James Quigley, Beaver.

R.

Thomas Ramsay, care of Wm. Gormly, 3; Solomon Reed, John Redman, care of Wm. Eades; Samuel Rippey, Thomas Riddell, care of Andrew Doseth; John Rodgers, Mr. Robb, John Reed, M'Kee's Port, 2; Joshua Russel, care of J. Carter, Esq. Beaver; Clark Richban, Pine creek; Wm. Reynolds, Franklin, 2.

S.

Samuel Sterling, care of Francis Deary; Stephen Spaulding, Pittsburgh; Andrew Simpson, Samuel Scott, 2; Hugh Short, care of J. Scull; Thomas Simpson, Mr. Swars, Mr. Springer, Turtle creek; Alexander Summrall, M'Kee's port; John Sayles, M'Kee's port; James Smith, Philip Smith, Elizabethtown; John Summers, Meadville; Henry Sturgeon, Robinson run.

T.

John Taylor, care of Wm. Neely; John Thompson, James Thornburgh, Jonas Terrell, Franklin.

V.

Robert Vance.

W.

Thomas Wickersham, care of John Smur; John Wells, Lake Wesley, Rev. Wm. Woods, Edward Work, 2; James Wattefyes, Robinsons run; George Williams, Neelsburgh, 2; Hugh Wilson, Beaver, 2; John Wylie, 2; John White, Beaver, 3; Hugh Wilson, Brakentraw; John Work, Ohio; Wm. Wilson, care of James Stevenson; John Wilson, Edward Work, care of [illegible].

At a Court of Common Pleas held at Pittsburgh for the County of Alleghany, the first Monday of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, before the Hon. Alexander Addison, Esq. President, and his Associate Judges of the same Court.

ON the petition of Thomas Moore, a prisoner in the jail of the said County praying to be discharged according to the provisions of the act of assembly made for the relief of insolvent debtors. The Court order, that the said prisoner be brought before them at Pittsburgh, on the first Monday of June next, that his petition and his creditors may then be heard, and direct that notice of his application be published in the Washington Telegraphe, and in the Pittsburgh Gazette, three weeks, the last of which shall be at least fifteen days before the time of hearing.

By the Court,

JAMES BRISON, *Proth'y.*

At a Court of Common Pleas, held at Pittsburgh for the County of Alleghany on the first Monday of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, before the Hon. Alexander Addison, Esq President, and his associates judges of the same Court.

ON the petition of John Crawford, a prisoner in the jail of the county aforesaid, praying to be discharged according to the provisions of the act of assembly made for the relief of insolvent debtors. The Court order, that the said prisoner be brought before them at Pittsburgh, on the first Monday of June next, that his petition and the creditors may then be heard, and direct, that notice of his application be published in the Washington Telegraphe, and in the Pittsburgh Gazette, three weeks, the last of which shall be at least fifteen days before the time of hearing.

By the Court,

JAMES BRISON, Proth'y.

At an adjourned Court of Common Pleas held at Pittsburgh, for the county of Allegheny, on the third day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine—Before George Wallace and John Gibson, Esqrs Judges of the same Court.

ON the petition of John Neely, a prisoner in the jail of said county, praying to be discharged according to the provisions of the acts of assembly made for the relief of insolvent debtors. The Court order, That the said prisoner be brought before them at Pittsburgh, on the first Monday of June next, that his petition and his creditors may be then heard, and direct that notice of his application be published in the Pittsburgh Gazette three weeks, the last of which shall be at least fifteen days before the time of hearing.

By the Court,

JAMES BRISON, Proth'y.

At a Court of Common Pleas held at for the County of Alleghany, the fi of March, in the year of our Lor and seven hundred and ninety-n the Hon. Alexander Addison, Esq and his Associates, judges of the

ON the petition of John Byrns, a the jail of said county, praying charged according to the provision of assembly, made for the relief o debtors. The Court order, that th foner be brought before them at Pit the first Monday of June next, that and his creditors may be then heard that notice of his application be pub Pittsburgh Gazette, in Mr. Harper's in Chambersburgh, and in the Englis in Lancaster, of this state—and in town newspaper, in the Fredericksto per, and in a Baltimore English ne Maryland, each three weeks, the la shall be at least fifteen days before hearing.

By the Court,

JAMES BRISON,

At an adjourned Court of Comm at Pittsburgh for the County of the third day of April, in the year one thousand seven hundred and —Before George Wallace and J Esqrs. Judges of the same Court.

ON the petitions of Leven Benn and Vanfickle, prisoners in th said county, praying to be discharg to the provisions of the acts of as for the relief of insolvent debtors. order, that the said prisoners be br them at Pittsburgh, the first Mon next, that their petitions and cred then heard—and direct that notice plication be published in the Pittsb three weeks, the last of which sh fifteen days before the time of hear

By the Court,

JAMES BRISON.

BY YESTERDAY'S

PHILADELPHIA, Marc

A few days before Capt William folk Shop of war sailed, General I Secretary arrived at St. Kitts, fo of inducing Captain Truxton to r SURGENTE. He told Captain Tr this was not delivered up immedia Desfornaux would give orders t cruizers to capture all American v determination Captain Truxton a he had acted in perfect obedience of his government, and that no fhould induce him to give up hi Secretary then made use of promises —and, at length finding Captain orable he left him muttering impre the Americans, and returned to C

One Hundred and Fifty Irish Fort Jay, have arrived at Newton, ty. on their route to Northampto

The accounts from Northampto and contradictory. Three of the rived in town on Friday, and on day morning.—They are chiefly o that had been returned from the M

It is pretty certain that Fries an offered to surrender themselves on they will not be hanged!

APPOINTMENT—BY THE G

FRANCIS GURNEY, Esq Brigad the Militia of Pennsylvania, vice pierson, Esq appointed a Brigadi the armies of the United States.

INFERNAL OUTRAG

A gang of United Irishmen, v the house of Mr. Brown, Editor delphia Gazette, at several differ ing the day, but not finding him finding him armed, were repeate their design to murder him. A o'clock, however, several of them design partly into execution, by al using Mr. Brown in the most c barous manner.

One of the many reports in for whose authenticity we can that a government express arrive from Northampton, with intelli insurgents had dispersed, and th in that quarter at present, bears peace and submission to the laws.

Capt. Elliot, with a company and engineers, from Mud Fort, terday for Newton in Bucks coun table he will then join the det New York, and that the whole proceed to Easton, the county town ton.

CHAMBERSBURGH, M

The Grand Jury of Franklin co ed at March Term, 1799, conce necessary that a new Republican to be selected to succeed the one have therefore agreed to recommend it to their fellow citizen JAMES ROSS, Esq of Pittsbu votes being taken there appeared 17.—For Thomas M'Kean, 2.

TRENTON, March

On Friday last arrived in this a tachment of Federal Troops, und of Captain Henry, being on the Northampton (Penn.) to aid in insurrection. They were partly fro wick, but principally from the New York. On Saturday morn ed to Newton, where they a dinefs until further orders.

illiam Woods & Co.

uſt received at their Store oppoſite the Market ouſe, a large and general aſſortment of

ERCHANDIZE,

has been ſelected from the lateſt importations, ll adapted to the preſent and approaching which will be ſold at very reduced prices. burgh, March 13, 1799.

TO BE RENTED.

Plantation, known by the name of Brewerhill, ſeven miles from the town of Pittſburgh, or more years, not exceeding ſeven. There is place about 300 acres of cleared land, two arms, one of which has been built ſince the ſion, with two framed dwelling houſes— es are in good repair, well ſtaked and ri. and about 40 acres of good timothy meadow, part of which is watered, and ſcarcely a ſh growing in the whole—none need apply ſe who are well known for their induſtry, owledge in farming. From one to four able gro fellows, the oldeſt only 24 years of age, youngeſt about 15, three of them as good en as any in the ſtate, and two of them d waggoners, thoſe may be had at £. 15 and their cloathing, which muſt be cheap ing the wages now giving—horſes, milch xen, ſheep, hogs, and all kinds of farming with an ox cart and waggon, may alſo be h the place on very reaſonable terms.

JOHN NEVILL.

urgh, 12th March, 1799.

A Number of Valuable

Town Lots,

L be offered for Sale, by the ſubſcri ers, on the premiſes, on the Muſking, oppoſite the mouth of Licking creek. e Kentucky road, leading from Whe ſes ſaid river, a place equal to any in thweſtern Territory, for convenience o orks. The ſale to commence on the y of April next, where a plan of the ogether with the conditions of ſale may

JONATHAN ZANE,
JOHN M'INTIRE.

13, 1799.

OHN REED,

INNKEEPER.

ESTS his friends and cuſtomers to ac t his beſt wiſhes for their perſonal wel l informs them and the public in gene he is about to remove from the houſe lately occupied, to the houſe fronting e Square and adjoining Diamond alley, e occupancy of Mr William M'Millan, expects to remain for ſome time for oſe of accommodating any who may impoſe upon him any obligation that from the nature of his office as inn-

rently happens in this, as well as in kind of buſineſs, eſpecially when times that there are ſome, who, either thro' ets, neglect or indiſpoſition, do not y diſcharge their accounts—perhaps it e improper, at leaſt it is not unaſhi o remind ſuch of *paying off the old ſcore*; my removal in April, we may com- ſineſs on new and generous principles, e under the neceſſity of throwing our eleſsly into the hands of Magiſtrates, , Sheriffs or Conſtables, who, like as hes, when once they faſten upon us, the laſt drop of our ſubſtance, and o ruminate over one of the greateſt of temporal curſes—" *an empty purſe,*"

gh, February 21, 1799.

NOTICE.

REAS William Larwill, of the Borough Pittſburgh did, on the 20th day of laſt, make an aſſignment of his pro- o Gazzam, Taylor and Jones, mer- Philadelphia, unto whom he is largely This is therefore to forewarn all per- ſons paying any debts due to the ſaid o my other perſon than the ſubſcriber Pittſburgh, who is duly authoriſed the ſame.

WILLIAM CAZZAM.

gh, December 22, 1798.

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as my wife Jane has, for

laſt, abſented herſelf from my bed and bout any cauſe or lawful objection, I der the diſagreeable neceſſity of warn- ons to avoid crediting her on my account, not pay any thing on her account unleſs I ed thereto by law.

WILLIAM THOMSON.

8, 1799.

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ubſcriber having procured the Donati- afts in Diſtricts No. 1, 2, and 3, takes of informing thoſe Gentlemen who ts in thoſe Diſtricts, that he will at- s houſe in the ſecond Diſtrict, for the of ſhewing the ſame to thoſe who may with their cuſtom.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Rock, March 8, 1798.

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ubſcriber having laid out a TOWN *on oad leading from Pittſburgh to Franklin, e 48 and 49 mile trees from the former s Lots for ſale at Twenty Dollars each— er to give an equal chance to purchaſers, be detrmined by Lottery, which will be to effect as ſoon as half the Lots are ſold, expected will be in May next. Tickets d entitle the bearer to ſuch lots as may to their numbers, may be had of William Hugh Fleming and John Scull, in Pittſ- of the ſubſcriber near Slippery Rock, at es a plan of ſaid Town may be ſeen— will be demanded on receiving a ticket, Dollars when the deed is made, which as ſoon after drawing as poſſible.*

1799. *JAMES BUCHANAN*

NAILS,

A few kegs, Bar Iron, Caſtings, Soal Leather, and a quantity of Tar in barrels

FOR SALE, BY
WILLIAM CHRISTY.

Pittſburgh, 15th March, 1799.

N. B. Perſons indebted to W Chriſty are once more requeſted to ſettle their accounts.

GARDEN SEEDS,

For Sale by the ſubſcriber.

GOLDEN hotſpur pea, green do. white and yellow dwarf beans, valentine do. four different ſorts of pole beans, beets, parſnips, parſley, celery, creſs muſtard white, ſummer ſavory, ſweet baſil, cucumber early and long, early ſhort topt radiſh, ſalmon do. cabbage, coſs and imperial letice, ſpinage, Albany ſquaſh, white do. yellow do. ſweet do. muſs melons of eight different kinds, water melon.

FLOWER SEEDS.

Blue lupins, yellow do. trumpet marvel peru, yellow do. roſe aſter, ſcarlet do. blue roſe larkſpur, white do. green vallerian, roſe campion, Isbels, catchfly, china poppy, horn do. ſweet ſultan, roſe columbine, migenette, painted lady ſweet pea, white do. everlaſting neolea, double graſs pink carnation do. Indian pink, princes feather, amiranthus, globe do. globe do. with ſeveral other kinds; and I intend leaving town by the firſt of April, thoſe who wiſh to be ſupplied muſt apply ſoon.

EDWARD M'EUEN.

Pittſburgh, March 18, 1799.

Dying Manufactory of

STANDING COLOURS.

THE ſubſcriber informs the public in general, that he has commenced the above line of buſineſs oppoſite M'Claran's ferry, and adjoining Doct. Bonford, near the Allegheny river, in the Borough of Pittſburgh, and will colour blue, green, yellow, red, black, brown, drab, olive, &c. upon linen and cotton thread, likewiſe, upon all manner of linen, woolen, cotton and ſilk, either in the piece or otherwiſe—Turkey red done on cotton equal, if not ſuperior, to any imported—over and under green bats, blue and brown ditto, hat linings with any of the above colours, ſtiffened and glazed. He hopes from his knowledge and experience in ſaid buſineſs (having ſerved a regular time thereto, and worked thereat in ſome of the principal manufactories in Europe) that thoſe who pleaſe to favor him with their commands, will be pleaſed. Any commands in ſaid line will be received and delivered finiſhed at the above place, or at the ſtore of Mr. John Wrenthall in Market ſtreet. All goods in the above line finiſhed in the beſt and moſt expeditious manner, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

JAMES DORAN.

Pittſburgh, March 15, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE *Plantation containing 278 acres, lying within half a mile of the Monongahela river, within two miles of Devores ferry, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county. The place is in good repair, the land is well adapted for raiſing grain of any kind, There is on the premiſes a good dwelling houſe, barn and ſtables, a good ſtill houſe, and ſeveral never failing ſprings convenient to the houſe, a fine young apple orchard containing 200 trees beginning to bear, alſo a good peach orchard; there are upwards of 100 acres of cleared land, of which about 20 are meadow. The whole or a part will be ſold to accommodate the purchaſer. A clear and indiſputable title will be given. For further particulars apply to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.*

STEPHEN WARNER.

March 7, 1799.

Taken up adrift in the

Ohio river, about 4 miles about George town, a Flat without oars or oar pins, and two Pine Canoes and one Poplar. The owner on proving property and paying charges may have them again, by applying to the ſubſcriber near Beaver creek.

CHARLES PHILLIS.

March 9, 1799.

Cut Nail Manufactory.

THE ſubſcriber having eſtabliſhed a Cut Nail Manufactory in Pittſburgh, reſpectfully claims the patronage of the citizens of the Weſtern Country, and informs them that they may be ſupplied with Nails and Sprigs of every deſcription, at a low rate—a generous diſcount will be allowed thoſe who purchaſe a large quantity. It muſt be obvious to every perſon, that large ſums of money are drained out of the Weſtern Country for theſe articles, and the encouragement of this infant manufactory will in ſome meaſure prevent it. Orders for Nails from any part of the country will be thankfully received and forwarded with diſpatch, by

GEORGE HOLDSHIP.

Pittſburgh, January 31, 1799.

N. B Said Holdſhip has made arrangements ſo as this manufactory ſhall not interfere with his buſineſs of Houſe Carpenter and Joiner.

TO BE RENTED,

On reaſonable Terms,

A *Valuable Griſt and Saw Mill, the Griſt mill has two pair of ſtones in good order, the ſituation is good and very public, they are known by the name of Jeffrey's mills. The road from Waſhington to Beaver town, and ſeveral other public roads paſſes by them, and they are 13 miles from Pittſburgh. Poſſeſſion may be had on the 9th April next.*

JANE JEFFERY,
ALEX. M'CANLIS.

March 15, 1799.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

TWO Thouſand Acres of firſt rate quality Land, ſituate on Treacle's creek, between the Little Miami and Scioto Rivers, north-weſt of the River Ohio.

Alſo, an excellent Tract of Donation Land, lying in the Tenth Diſtrict, within one mile of Le Bœuf, containing 250 acres, with allowance.

An indiſputable title will be made.

The above property will be ſold low, if a caſh purchaſer offers, and if not, reaſonable time will be granted upon a payment of part.

ANTHONY BEELEN.

Pittſburgh, February 8, 1799.

TO BE LET,

And poſſeſſion given the 6th of April next.

THAT *well known Tavern the INDIAN QUEEN, which was long occupied by the ſubſcriber—on the premiſes is a good double ſtable, and an excellent pump in the yard. Terms may be known by applying to John Park, next door to the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber in Pitt townſhip.*

A. WATSON.

March 5, 1799.

William Larwill,

RETURNS his ſincere thanks to his friends for the generous aſſiſtance afforded him ſince he was put in confinement—his ſtores having been broke open by night, and his property violently taken away by a certain William Gazzam, who adverties he is authoriſed to receive debts due me, but it is unfortunate for the ſaid Gazzam, he can produce no account againſt one perſon. Larwill, who is diſpoſed to pay his juſt debts, has a right to receive, as will be ſeen in the following note that has been obligingly ſent him.

Pittsburgh, February 14, 1799.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1799.

SIR,

HAVING been of your council from the firſt, and acquainted with every tranſaction relative to what William Gazzam in his advertiſement in the Pittsburgh Gazette, calls an *aſſignment* of your property, we are of opinion that it was not an aſſignment, but an *agreement* to aſſign and changed no property, until actual delivery, and even as to what was delivered the property reverted and became veſted in you, as the agreement was waved by Gazzam on recurring to his ſuit, in conſideration of withdrawing which the agreement was made; and that now you have a right to retain, or regain, as the caſe may be, and to recover your debts as if no ſuch agreement had ever taken place.

H. H. BRACKENRIDGE.
JAMES MONTGOMERY.
SAM. S. MAHON.

A LOTTERY,

For raiſing the ſum of Twelve Thouſand Dollars to be applied in erecting Piers to defend the Banks of the Rivers Allegheny and Monongahela within the Borough of Pittſburgh, authoriſed by an Act of the Legiſlature of Pennſylvania.

The Scheme of the Firſt Claſs is as follows:

				Dollars.
1	Prize of	1000	Dollars, is	1000
1	of	800		800
2	of	500	are	1000
3	of	400		1200
5	of	300		1500
10	of	200		2000
15	of	100		1500
20	of	50		1000
50	of	20		1000
100	of	15		1500
2000	of	7		14000
1	of	2000	last drawn Ticket is	2000
1	of	1000	ſecond laſt drawn	1000
1	of	500	third laſt drawn	500
2210 Prizes, 3790 Blanks		6000 Tickets, at 5 Dols. each		30000

All prizes ſubject to a deduction of 15 per cent.

The drawing of the Firſt Claſs to commence as ſoon as the Tickets are ſold, and the prizes to be diſcharged on the completion of the drawing, which it is hoped will be in October next.

To thoſe acquainted with the ſituation, and who feel themſelves intereſted in the improvement and proſperity of the town of Pittſburgh, nothing need be ſaid touching the utility of the object to which the product of this Lottery is to be applied. To others it might be ſuggeſted how very important are its proſperity and advancement not only to thoſe adjacent, but to the inhabitants of the neighbouring counties and even of the towns on the Atlantic ſhores—Situated, as it is, on a point of land at the confluence of two majeſtic rivers, which, joining, flow through an immenſe territory to the ocean, it muſt of neceſſity be in a conſiderable degree the emporium of that territory, if it be not abandoned to the impetuous current of the Allegheny which is making yearly, nay daily, encroachments on the land, and which will at no very diſtant day take poſſeſſion of the delightful ſpot on which the town ſtands, ſhould its ravages not be checked by the erection of piers, or ſome other efficient means.

Tickets to be had of the Managers in Pittſburgh; of Thomas Hamilton, in Greenſburgh; of General Douglaſs in Union Town; of David Redick in the town of Waſhington; of Alexander M'Dowell at Fort Franklin, of Roger Alden at Meadville, and Thomas Reeſe in the town of Erie.

PRESLEY NEVILL,
GEORGE STEVENSON,
JOHN SCULL
ISAAC CRAIG,
NATHANIEL BEDFORD,
JAMES BRISON,
GEORGE SHIRAS,
JEREMIAH BARKER,
NATHANIEL IRISH,
} Managers.

To be Sold,

A Merchant Mill and Plantation, ſituate on the Monongahela river, about two miles above Elizabeth Town, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, containing about 300 acres, 80 of which is firſt rate bottom, 50 of it clear and under good fence, 30 acres of which is timothy meadow, a young apple orchard of about 100 trees, a ferry, and road leading to it from different directions, and a ſugar camp equal if not ſuperior, to any on the river, there are about 60 acres of upland clear and under good fence. On the premiſes is a two ſtory frame dwelling houſe, beautifully ſituated on the bank of the river, 26 by 21 feet, completely finiſhed, and a convenient kitchen adjoining, a good ſhingled ſtable and malt houſe, and ſeveral other houſes. The Mill is ſituated about 200 yards from the river, is well calculated for merchant work, with two bolts and rolling ſcreen. Likewiſe upwards of 100 acres adjoining the former, about 45 acres clear and in tolerable repair, to of which is timothy meadow, a young orchard of about 100 apple trees, 60 of which are bearing, and about 300 bearing peach trees, a dwelling houſe with a ſtone chimney, a ſtill houſe and other out-houſes. Both plantations are generally rich walnut, oak, and ſpicewood land will either be ſold together or ſeparately to ſuit the purchaſer. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.

JAMES PERRY.

March 19, 1799.

All perſons indebted to the ſu

ſcriber are earneſtly deſired to come and pay off their accounts before the 20th of May next, otherwiſe they may expect to have their accounts put in a way of recovery.

EPHRAIM JONES.

March 20, 1799.

Public Notice.

WE, the under named ſubſcribers having purchaſed ſeparate pieces of land (all in the ſame tract) below the mouth of Long Run, on the Youghiogany river, from Peter Luzenheiſer, Jacob Lutzenheiſer, and Daniel M'Millen, for which we have paſſed our bonds ſeverally, the firſt part in five bonds of £. 40 each, payable in yearly payments, each payment commencing the 29th day of March yearly, the firſt payment that is due is payable the 29th day of March 1799, ſecond do. of £. 60 each, payable as aforeſaid, but due March 1804 and 1805. The ſecond part is £. 41 6 0 in five yearly payments, payable as above mentioned, ſecond do. of £. 107 3 0 each, payable in 1804 and 1805.—The third part in ſix yearly payments of £. 50 each, payable as aforeſaid, commencing the 29th of March 1799. And as it appears that there is ſome incumbrance on the ſaid land, we do hereby forwarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on ſaid bonds, as we are determined not to pay them unleſs compelled, or the ſaid incumbrances removed, or ſufficient ſecurity given for the ſame.

his
JOHN ‡ M'MILLIN,
mark.
WILLIAM SILL,
R. COLHOON.

March 20, 1799.

For Sale.

ONE *undivided third part of 5000 acres of LAND, ſituate on Big Beaver, about 15 miles from the Ohio. Theſe lands are held by warrant and ſettlement—They are generally of a good quality, and the terms of purchaſe will be made eaſy. Apply to ISAAC GREGG, Pittſburgh, or RICHARD H. MORRIS, Philadelphia.*

March 22, 1799 3m.

Thomas Wilſon,

HAS removed his STORE to the houſe at the corner of Market and Second Streets, formerly occupied by Mr. JAMES HORNER, where he has for Sale a general aſſortment of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, & GROCERIES.

likewiſe, a variety of the beſt Wines, Brandy, and Jamaica Spirits, by the gallon or quarter caſk, at reduced prices for caſh.

Pittſburgh, March 16, 1799.

Samuel Creigh,

INFORMS all thoſe who are indebted to him, that from certain arrangements it has become neceſſary to demand payment on or before the 20th May next, and as he has always been unwilling to commence ſuits, hopes that attention will be paid to the above notice.

Pittſburgh, March 20, 1799.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the ſubſcriber, living at Brush Hill, in Weſtmoreland county, a few days after Chriſtmas, a Mulatto Man named

HARRY,

a tall, likely, well made young fellow. His cloathing in general was remarkably genteel, and what was moſt diſtinguiſhable, his ſhirts were largely ruffled at hands and boſom, and his hair tied behind and faſhionably craped and frized at the ears. He has lately been ſeen in the town of Waſhington and other parts of the county, inviting ſeveral gentlemen to purchaſe him; alledging that he would rather live in that county, where he might be more convenient to his relations. Whoever will apprehend and deliver him into the jail of any county, wherein he may be taken, and give notice thereof by poſt, to John Scull, Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette, ſhall receive the above reward. The jailor to whom he may be ſo delivered, is hereby authoriſed and requeſted, to pay this reward to the perſon ſo entitled, which ſhall be punctually refunded at the time of removal.

He is further requeſted to make the confinement as cloſe and ſevere as the nature of ſuch offence will poſſibly admit, not neglecting to have him well ironed, and that his ſubſiſtance may be ſtrictly confined to that of criminal allowance.

JOHN IRWIN.

Brush Hill, Weſtmoreland county,
January 22, 1799.